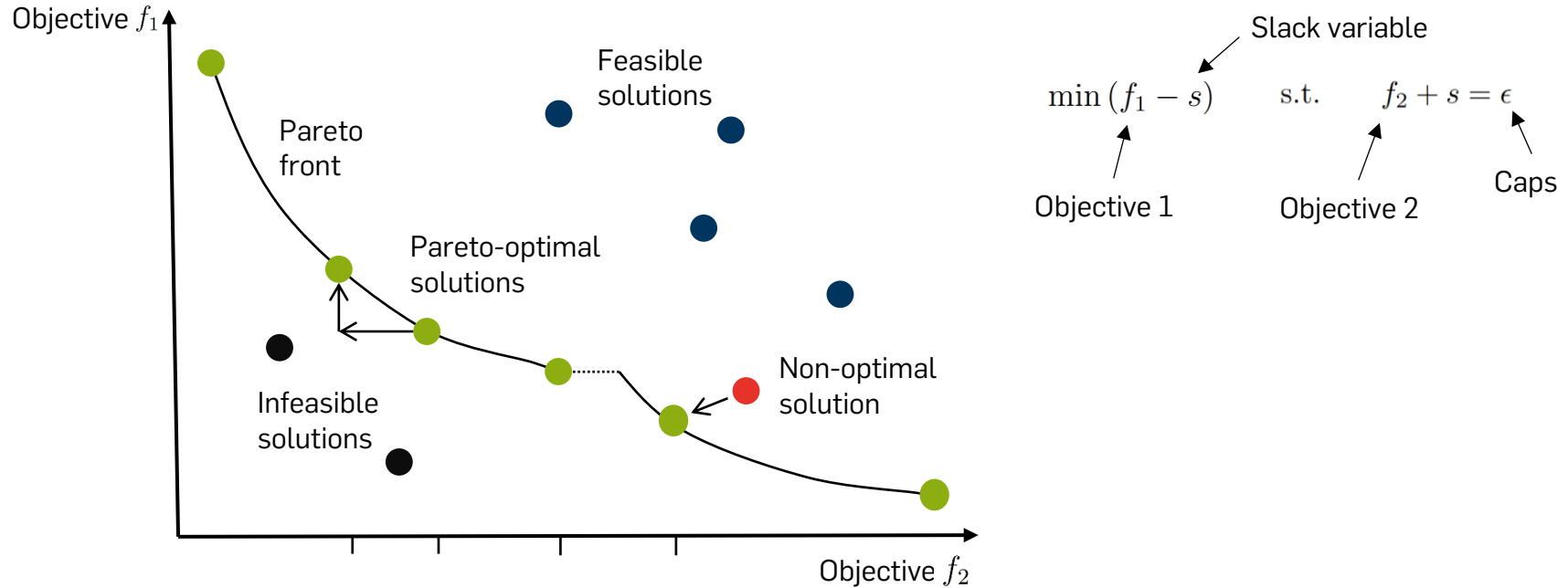


Modelling to generate near-Pareto-optimal alternatives (MGPA) – A novel multi-criteria optimisation approach for energy planning

Jonas Finke, Febin Kachirayil, Russell McKenna, Valentin Bertsch

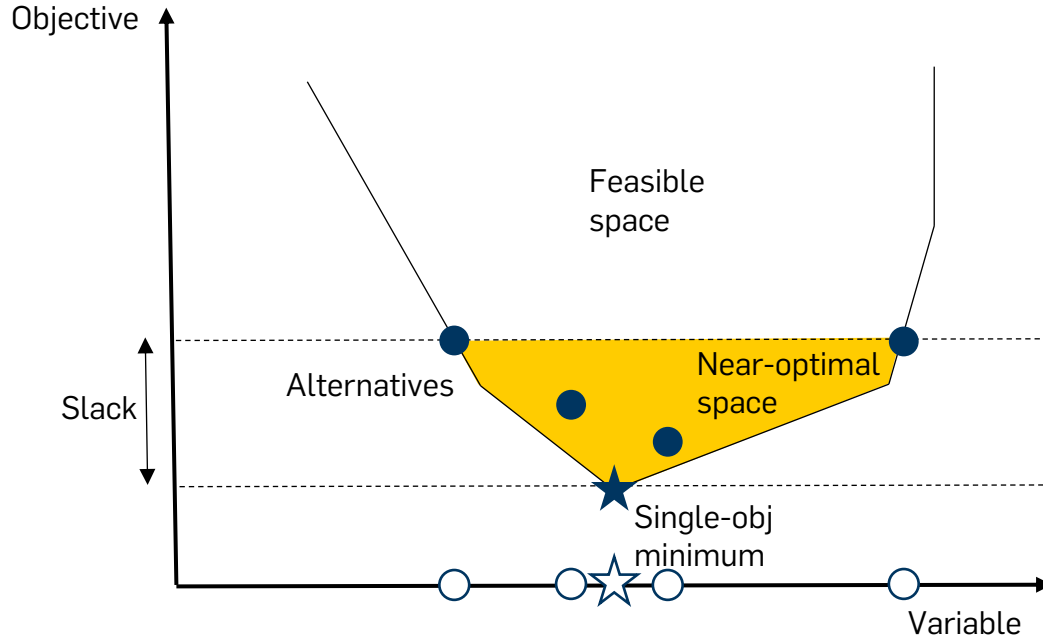
Multi-objective optimisation (MOO) with AUGMECON



AUGMECON is developed by Mavrotas, *Effective implementation of the epsilon-constraint method in Multi-Objective Mathematical Programming problems*, Applied Mathematics and Computation 2009. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amc.2009.03.037>

The used implementation for energy system modelling is due to Finke and Bertsch, *Implementing a highly adaptable method for the multi-objective optimisation of energy systems*, Applied Energy 2023. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2022.120521>

Modelling to generate alternatives (MGA)



$$\min_{x \in X} \sum_i w_i x_i \quad \text{s.t.} \quad F(x) \leq \epsilon$$

Weights

Variables

Objective

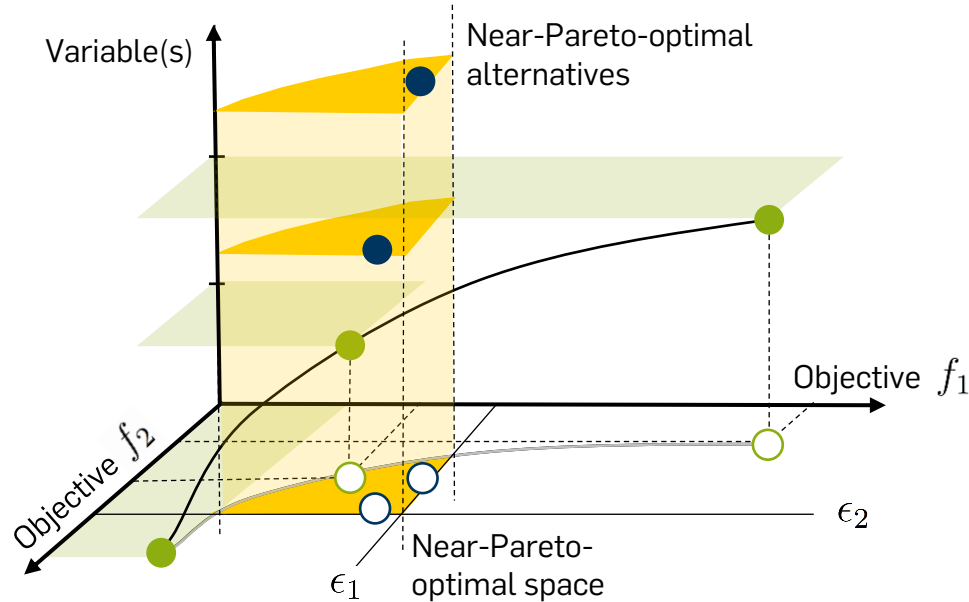
Cap = Minimum + Slack

Multi-objective optimisation and modelling to generate alternatives are complementary approaches

	MOO	MGA
Thinking in ...	Objective space	Variable space
Criteria are considered...	Explicitly as objectives	Implicitly through diversification (except objective)
Must criteria be known, quantified and modelled explicitly ex-ante?	☑	☒
Are near-optimal solutions considered to address structural uncertainty?	☒	☑
Is model outcome optimal and representative regarding all criteria?	☑	☒

Modelling to generate near-Pareto-optimal alternatives (MGPA)

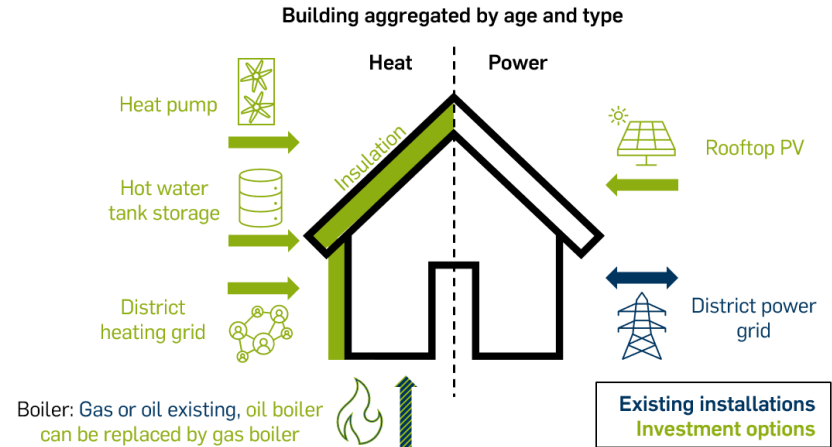
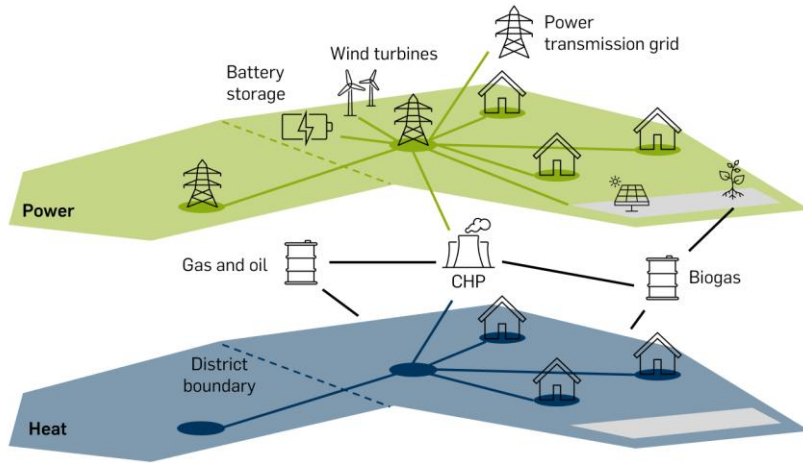
Modelling to generate near-Pareto-optimal alternatives (MGPA)



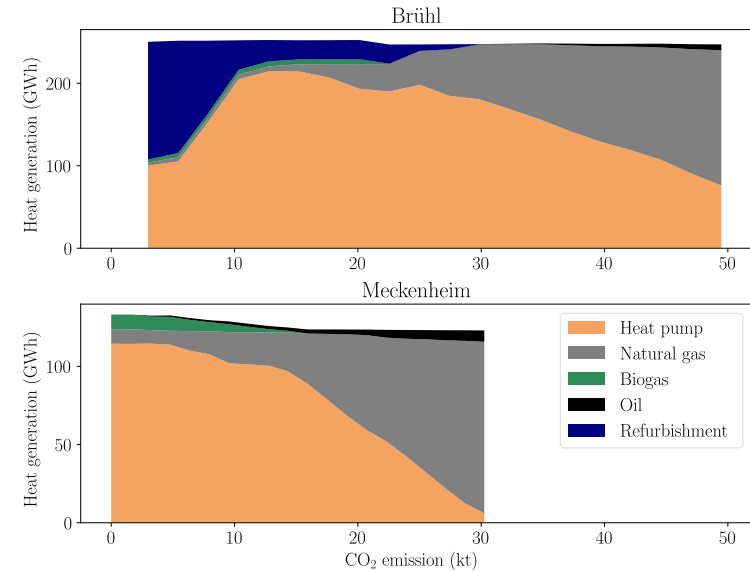
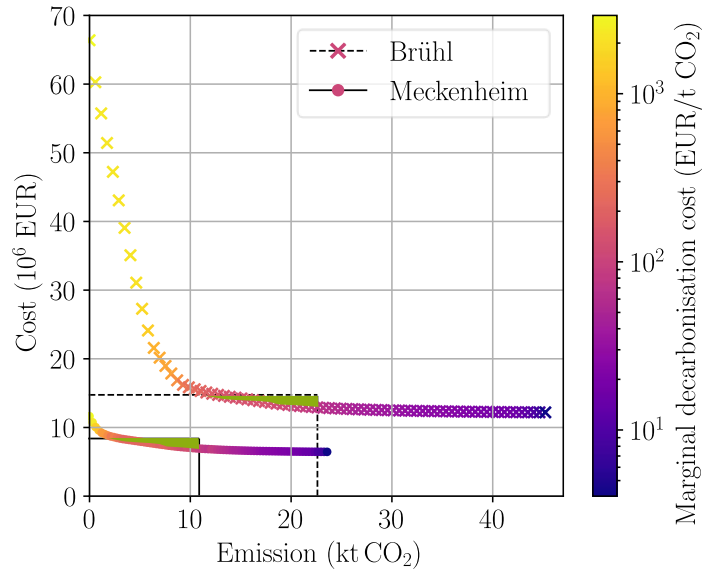
$$\begin{aligned} \min & \left(\sum_i w_i x_i - s_1 - s_2 \right) \\ \text{s.t.} & \quad f_1 + s_1 = \epsilon_1 \\ & \quad f_2 + s_2 = \epsilon_2 \end{aligned}$$

1. Decide on objectives and variables
2. Generate Pareto front
3. Decide on near-Pareto-optimal space
4. Generate near-Pareto-optimal alternatives

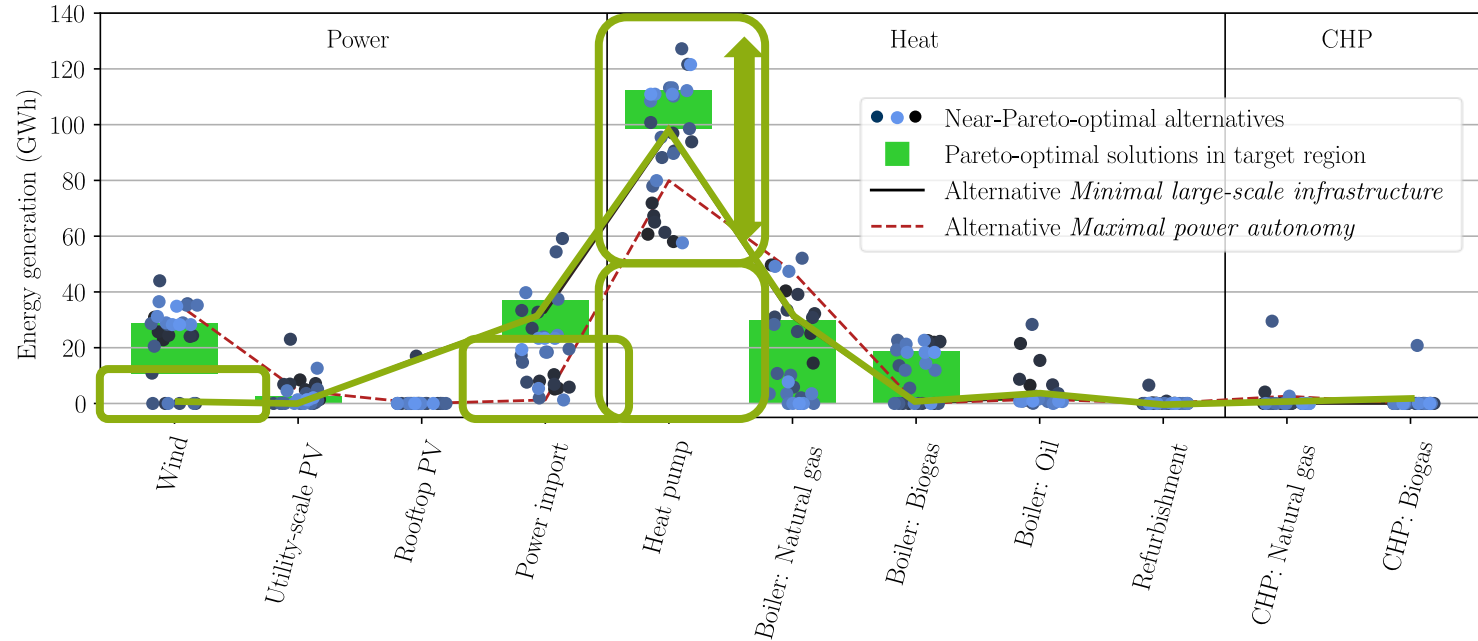
Municipal model of residential power and heat supply



Pareto fronts between costs and emissions inform choice of decarbonisation target



Near-Pareto-optimal alternatives expand diversity of decarbonisation options



Conclusions

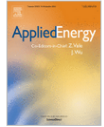
Conclusions

- MGA and MOO are two approaches for considering multiple criteria in energy system models with complementary strengths and prerequisites
- MGPA is a novel multi-criteria approach combining their strengths
- Warning: MGA, MOO and MGPA increase complexity, which is not always necessary



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Future work

- Link modelling to real stakeholders and decision makers

Modelling to generate near-Pareto-optimal alternatives (MGPA) for the municipal energy transition

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Valentin Bertsch ^a



Thank you!

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